

For a Better Tomorrow

Sample

by

Luis-Angel González

Grade: 4 Duration: 10:48

Instrumentation

1 - Conductor Score	3 - Trumpet 1
5 - Flute 1	3 - Trumpet 2
5 - Flute 2	3 - Trumpet 3
1 - Oboe 1	2 - Horn in F 1
1 - Oboe 2	2 - Horn in F 2
1 - Bassoon 1	2 - Trombone 1
1 - Bassoon 2	2 - Trombone 2
3 - Clarinet 1	2 - Trombone 3
3 - Clarinet 2	2 - Euphonium (+ 2 T.C.)
4 - Clarinet 3	4 - Tuba
2 - Bass Clarinet	2 - String Bass
2 - Bb Contrabass Clarinet	1 - Piano
2 - Alto Saxophone 1	1 - Timpani
2 - Alto Saxophone 2	1 - Percussion 1 (1 or 2 players) Crotales, Glockenspiel, Chimes (x2 if possible), Rainstick, Triangle
2 - Tenor Saxophone	1 - Percussion 2 Vibraphone, Bass Drum
2 - Baritone Saxophone	1 - Percussion 3 Bell Tree, Triangle, Suspended Cymbal, Crash Cymbals

For a Better Tomorrow

For a Better Tomorrow was composed in memory of my mother, Estela Haydee González, who passed away from a heart attack on the night of February 23rd, 2014. The work received its premier performance at the CSU, Fresno Concert Hall on May 5th, 2016 by the Fresno State University Wind Orchestra, conducted by Dr. Gary P. Gilroy. The piece tells a story of my mother during her life, and after her passing, as I perceived it.

The work, as a whole, above all else, is a symbol of hope. The title, *For a Better Tomorrow*, was inspired by a phrase I repeatedly told myself since the day my mother passed on: "Tomorrow will be a better day." In other words, I was constantly hoping "for a better tomorrow", in the sense that the day would come that I'd eventually be able to adapt to living a life without my mother around.

The opening unfolds with a solo Flute and sparse sounds of bells and chimes (from a bell tree and mark tree), representing the sparkling of stars, as the name Estela in Spanish means 'Star'. These celestial sounds appear twice through the piece, representing her life on Earth and then in the Heavens. The piece was written with two main themes, the first symbolizing my mother and her love and warmth that radiated from her. The second main theme represents her legacy which she left after she passed on. Though the work has an overall major tonality, the interlude is sullen and thoroughly highlights the period of sadness and sorrow which my family, and more specifically, I went through. **I chose the solo English Horn to be the deliverer of this pivotal point in the piece because I feel the instrument has a melancholy tone to it. It is a brief segment of the piece because, with the help of loved ones, we (my family and I) were able to overcome this period of grief in a rather brief amount of time.**

The climax of the work calls briefly for the use of two sets of chimes to be used on opposite sides of the concert hall to emulate the church bells that rang at the close of my mother's funeral mass. The music begins to wind down after the climax's peak, followed by a soft Euphonium, playing a phrase of the first main theme to close the work. The musical quote is a symbol that my mother is still alive – she is still with us – she lives in the hearts of those who stood beside her, and those who she touched..."

Luis-Angel González
Apr. 11, 2016

Luis-Angel González

Born October 11, 1997



Luis-Angel González is from Clovis, California where he graduated from Clovis East High School with the Class of 2015. He began his composition career during Freshman year of high school when he first acquired a music writing software. After numerous transcriptions of piano works, Luis began to experiment and compose his first originals. *For A Better Tomorrow*, his first complete original composition began as a school project during his Junior year, and was performed the following year by the Clovis East High School Wind Ensemble. He submitted the piece to Dr. Gary P. Gilroy – Composer and Director of Bands at CSU, Fresno – for feedback to improve his composing skills for the pieces he would come to write later. Nearly a year later, Dr. Gilroy contacted Luis, commending him for his work on the composition and requested Luis to collaborate and make improvements on *For A Better Tomorrow*, which would eventually be performed by the CSU, Fresno Wind Orchestra in early May of the year 2016. Today, Luis is composing for small ensembles and occasionally composes for concert bands and other large ensembles. He is a full-time student attending Fresno City College, where he is studying under Mr. Lawrence Honda. He is working to acquire his Associate's degree in Instrumental Music, in hopes to soon transfer to CSU, Fresno where he will continue to pursue a Bachelor's degree in Music Education.

Full Score

Full Score

Peaceful ♩ = 58

2 3 (2 + 3) Solo - Freely 4 5 6 7 8 9 GPG 10 (2 + 2 + 2) end solo

Flute 1
Flute 2
Oboe 1
Oboe 2 1 GPG 2
English Horn
Bassoon 1
Bassoon 2 1 GPG 2
Bb Clarinet 1 p
Bb Clarinet 2 GPG
Bb Clarinet 3 GPG p
Bb Bass Clarinet GPG p
Bb Contrabass Clarinet GPG p
Alto Saxophone 1 GPG p
Alto Saxophone 2 GPG p
Tenor Saxophone GPG p
Baritone Saxophone GPG p
Bb Trumpet 1 Peaceful ♩ = 58 p mf p
Bb Trumpet 2 GPG cup mute
Bb Trumpet 3 GPG cup mute
Bb Trumpet 2 GPG cup mute
F Horn 1 GPG
F Horn 2 GPG
F Horn 3 GPG
F Horn 4 GPG
F Horn 1 GPG
F Horn 2 GPG
F Horn 3 GPG
F Horn 4 GPG
Trombone 1 GPG
Trombone 2 GPG
Trombone 3 GPG p
Trombone 2 GPG p
Euphonium GPG p
Baritone GPG p
Tuba GPG p
String Bass GPG pizz.
Piano
Timpani (in A♭, B♭, E♭, G) + Mark Tree Mark Tree: ad lib. (strike individual chimes sparsely with triangle beater) Crotales, Glockenspiel, Chimes, Rainstick, Triangle Timpani to Timpani
Percussion 1 Crotales (bowed) (sim.) Crotales, Glockenspiel, Chimes, Rainstick, Triangle to Glockenspiel
Vibraphone, Bass Drum Vibraphone (bowed)
Percussion 2 Bell Tree: ad lib. (strike individual) Bell Tree, Triangle, Suspended Cymbal, Crash Cymbals
Percussion 3 Bell Tree, Triangle, Suspended Cymbal, Crash Cymbals

Fl 1

Fl 2

Ob.

E. Hn.

Bsn. 1 only (+ Bsn. 2)

Bsn. 2

Cl. 1

Cl. 2

Cl. 3

B. Cl.

B♭ Contra

A. Sx. 1

A. Sx. 2

T. Sx.

B. Sx.

Tpt. 1

Tpt. 2

Hn. 1 Solo (ten.)

Hn. 2

Hn. 3 only

Hn. 4 (a2)

Trb. 1

Trb. 2

Euph.

Tuba

S.B.

Pno.

Tim.

Perc. 1

Perc. 2

Perc. 3

23 24 25 26 27 Solo 28 29 30 31 molto rit. 32 Tempo Rubato $\text{♩} = 74$ 33 34 35

Fl. 1
Fl. 2

Ob. 1 only
Ob. 2

E. Hn.
Bsn. 1
Bsn. 2

Cl. 1
Cl. 2
Cl. 3
B. Cl.
B♭ Contra

A. Sx. 1
A. Sx. 2
T. Sx.
B. Sx.

Tpt. 1
Tpt. 2
Tpt. 3

Hn. 1
Hn. 2
Hn. 3
Hn. 4

Trb. 1
Trb. 2
Trb. 3

Euph.
Tuba

S.B.

Pno.

Tim.

Perc. 1
Perc. 2
Perc. 3

English Horn cue (one player if no E.H. available)

molto rit. 32 Tempo Rubato $\text{♩} = 74$

(ten.)
n.

a2
Hn. 3 only

(end solo)
n.

div.
pizz.
n.

pizz.
p

$\text{♩} = 74$

(vibes)
 $\text{♩} = 74$

(vibes)
Sus. Cym.
n.

48 (♩ = 56) 49 poco a poco rit. 50 51 52 53 54 55 Flowing ♩ = 78 56 57 58 rit. 59 A tempo

Fl 1
Fl. 2
Ob. 1 only
Ob. 2 only
(ten.)
E. Hn.
Bsn. 1 Solo
Bsn. 1 and 2 tutti
Bsn. 2
(ten.)
Cl. 1
Cl. 2
Cl. 3
B. Cl.
B♭ Contra
A. Sx. 1 Solo
A. Sx. 2
T. Sx.
B. Sx.
Tpt. 1 Solo
Tpt. 2 mute out
Tpt. 3 (ten.)
Hn. 1 Solo
Hn. 2
Hn. 3
Hn. 4
Trb. 1
Trb. 2
Trb. 3
Eup.
Tuba
S.B.
Pno.
Tim.
Perc. 1
(vibes)
Perc. 2
Perc. 3
Glock.
to Bass Drum
Change to G♭, A♭, C♭, F♯

Fl 1
Fl 2
Ob. 1 only
E. Hn.
Bsn. 1
Bsn. 2
Cl. 1
Cl. 2
Cl. 3
B. Cl.
B♭ Contra
A. Sx. 1
A. Sx. 2
T. Sx.
B. Sx.
Tpt. 1
Tpt. 2
Hn. 1
Hn. 2
Hn. 3
Hn. 4
Trb. 1
Trb. 2
Euph.
Tuba
S.B.
Pno.
Tim.
Perc. 1
Perc. 2
Perc. 3

rit.

Ob. 1 only

+ Ob. 2 (a2)

3

rit.

Sus. Cym. (yarn)

70 Fl 1 string... **p**
f
 71 Fl 2 **p**
f
 72 poco più mosso $\text{♩} = 84$
 73 -
 74 -
 75 -
 76 -
 77 -
 78 -

Ob. 1
 2 **f**
 E. Hn. **mp** **f**
 Bsn. 1
 2 **f**
 a2

Cl. 1 **f**
 Cl. 2 **f**
 Cl. 3 **f**
 B. Cl.
 B♭ Contra

A. Sx. 1 **f**
 A. Sx. 2 **f**
 T. Sx.
 B. Sx.

71 poco più mosso $\text{♩} = 84$
 Tpt. 1 **f**
 Tpt. 2
 3 **f**
 Hn. 1
 2 **f**
 Hn. 3
 4 **f**
 Trb. 1 **f**
 Trb. 2
 3 **f**
 a2

Eup.
 Tuba
 S.B.

Pno.

Tim. **f**
p **f**

Chimes
 Perc. 1 **f** **Red** **f**
 Bass Drum
 Perc. 2 **f**
 (sus. cymb.)
 Perc. 3 **f** **(sus. cymb.)**

molto rit.

Fl 1
Fl 2
Ob.
E. Hn.
Bsn.
Cl. 1
Cl. 2
Cl. 3
B. Cl.
B♭ Contra
A. Sx. 1
A. Sx. 2
T. Sx.
B. Sx.
Tpt. 1
Tpt. 2
Hn. 1
Hn. 2
Hn. 3
Hn. 4
Trb. 1
Trb. 2
Euph.
Tuba
S.B.
Pno.

79 80 81 82 molto meno mosso $\text{♩} = 60$ 83 84 85 86 rit. 87 Reverently $\text{♩} = 56$ 88

Solo
tutti

molto rit.

82 molto meno mosso $\text{♩} = 60$ rit. Reverently $\text{♩} = 56$

Mark Tree: ad lib. (strike individual chimes sparsely with triangle beater)

Rainstick

Bell Tree: ad lib. (strike individual chimes sparsely with triangle beater)

to Vibraphone

Perc. 1
Perc. 2
Perc. 3

(2 + 3) 89 90 91 92 93 94 95 molto rit. 96 97 più mosso $\text{♩} = 68$

Fl 1
Fl. 2
Ob. 1
E. Hn.
Bsn. 1
Cl. 1
Cl. 2
Cl. 3
B. Cl.
B♭ Contra
A. Sx. 1
A. Sx. 2
T. Sx.
B. Sx.
Tpt. 1
Tpt. 2
Hn. 1
Hn. 2
Trb. 1
Trb. 2
Euph.
Tuba
S.B.
Pno.
Timp.
Perc. 1
Perc. 2
Perc. 3

Solo - freely (end solo)
English Horn cue (one player if no E.H. available)
molto rit.
più mosso $\text{♩} = 68$

to Timpani; Tune to A♭, C, D♭, E♭

(vibes)
p Ped. (yarn)

99 poco a poco rit. 100 101 102 103 più mosso $\text{♩} = 72$ 104 105 106 107 108 109 110

Fl. 1
Fl. 2

Ob. 1 Solo 1. Solo 2 p mp tutti mp mf

E. Hn.

Bsn. 1 2 p mf mp

Cl. 1 Cl. 2 Cl. 3 B. Cl. B♭ Contra p mf mp

A. Sx. 1 A. Sx. 2 T. Sx. B. Sx.

Tpt. 1 2 3

Hn. 1 2 3 4 p mp mf mp

Trb. 1 2 3 p mp

Euph.

Tuba

S.B. p mf mp

Pno.

Tim.

Perc. 1 Perc. 2 Perc. 3 p ped. Triangle p

Fl 1 III II2 II3 II4 rit. II5 II6 II7 *molto stringendo* II8 II9 II10 //

Fl. 2 *mf* tutti subito *p* cresc. subito *p* cresc. *mf* cresc. *f* *ff*

Ob. 1 2 *f* *mf* cresc. *f* *ff*

E. Hn. *f* subito *p* cresc. *f* *ff*

Bsn. 1 2 *f* *fp* cresc. *f* *ff*

Cl. 1 *f* subito *p* cresc. *mf* *ff*

Cl. 2 *f* *fp* cresc. *f* *ff*

Cl. 3 *f* *mf* *f* *ff*

B. Cl. *f* *fp* cresc. *f* *ff*

B♭ Contra *f* *fp* cresc. *f* *ff*

A. Sx. 1 *f* *mf* cresc. *f* *ff*

A. Sx. 2 *mp* *f* *mf* cresc. *f* *ff*

T. Sx. *mp* *f* *fp* cresc. *f* *ff*

B. Sx. *mp* *f* *fp* cresc. *f* *ff*

Tpt. 1 rit. *mf* cresc. *f* *ff*

Tpt. 2 3 *mf* cresc. *f* *ff*

Hn. 1 2 *f* *fp* *mf* cresc. *f* *ff*

Hn. 3 4 *f* *fp* *a2* *mf* cresc. *f* *ff*

Trb. 1 *mp* *f* *fp* cresc. *f* *ff*

Trb. 2 3 *f* *fp* cresc. *f* *ff*

Euph. *f* subito *p* cresc. *f* *ff*

Tuba *f* *fp* cresc. *f* *ff*

S.B. *f* *fp* *mf* cresc. *f* *ff*

Pno. //

Timpani *f* dampen *mf* cresc. *f* *ff* dampen

Perc. 1 Triangle *p* cresc. *f* *ff* mute

Perc. 2 B.D. dampen *mp* *ff* choke

Perc. 3 *f* //

meno mosso $\text{♩} = 60$

121 Solo 122 123 124 125 126 Off-stage Horn Solo ($\text{♩} = 56$) 127 (rit.)

Fl. 1
Fl. 2

Ob. 1
Ob. 2

E. Hn.

Bsn. 1
Bsn. 2

Cl. 1
p
Cl. 2
p
Cl. 3
p
B. Cl.
p
B♭ Contra
p
pp

A. Sx. 1

A. Sx. 2

T. Sx.

B. Sx.

126 Off-stage Horn Solo ($\text{♩} = 56$)

Hn. 1 cue - Solo - Off Stage

Tpt. 1

Tpt. 2
3

Hn. 1
Hn. 2
Hn. 3
Hn. 4

Trb. 1

Trb. 2
3

Euph.

Tuba

S.B.

Pno.

Tim.

Perc. 1

Perc. 2

Perc. 3

to Chimes

149 *meno mosso* $\text{♩} = 66$

150 151 152 153 154 rit. 155 156 157 158 159 160

Fl. 1
Fl. 2
Ob. 1
E. Hn.
Bsn. 1
Bsn. 2 *p*
Cl. 1 *p*
Cl. 2 *p*
Cl. 3 *p*
B. Cl. *p*
B♭ Contra *p*
A. Sx. 1
A. Sx. 2
T. Sx.
B. Sx.
Tpt. 1
Tpt. 2
Hn. 1
Hn. 2
Hn. 3
Hn. 4
Trb. 1
Trb. 2
Trb. 3 *p*
Eup.
Tuba *p* one only
S.B.
Pno.
Tim.
Perc. 1
Perc. 2
Perc. 3

This page contains two systems of musical notation. The first system, spanning measures 149 to 160, includes parts for Flute 1, Flute 2, Oboe 1, Bassoon 1, Clarinet 1, Clarinet 2, Clarinet 3, Bass Clarinet, Bassoon 2, Alto Saxophone 1, Alto Saxophone 2, Tenor Saxophone, Bass Saxophone, Trumpet 1, Trumpet 2, Horn 1, Horn 2, Horn 3, Horn 4, Trombone 1, Trombone 2, Trombone 3, Euphonium, Tuba, Bassoon, Piano, Timpani, and Percussion 1, 2, 3. Measure 149 starts with a dynamic of *p*. Measures 150-154 show various dynamics including *p*, *mp*, and *pp*. Measures 155-160 show dynamics *pp* and *n.* Measure 156 features a ritardando. The second system, starting at measure 155, includes parts for Trumpet 1, Trombone 1, Trombone 2, Trombone 3, Horn 1, Horn 2, Horn 3, Horn 4, Trombone 1, Trombone 2, Trombone 3, Euphonium, Tuba, Bassoon, Piano, Timpani, and Percussion 1, 2, 3. Measures 155-160 show dynamics *pp* and *n.* Measure 156 features a ritardando.